Avoiding Invasives in Home Landscaping, Part I: Common Landscape Invasives

It's so unfair! You open a mysterious envelope in your mail, only to discover a FINE for having purple loosestrife in your garden! You got the seedlings from a friend who had it in <u>her</u> garden. How were you supposed to know it was illegal to grow in Wisconsin??

Purple loosestrife is a plant that was brought here from Europe for its beautiful purple flowers. In its native habitat, it behaves itself very nicely, but here in Wisconsin, it's lacking any natural checks and balances. This invasive species can take over wetlands and river corridors in a number of years, quickly eliminating most native species, and rendering these habitats useless for the wildlife that once thrived there. For this reason, Wisconsin has placed it on the "Noxious Weed List," making it illegal to possess, sell or propagate.

Many of us have innocently planted species for their beauty in our gardens, not realizing that they were invasive species. It can take many years before an exotic species makes the leap from "garden plant" to "garden escape," but once they do, watch out! About 30% of invasive species in Wisconsin are, in fact, garden escapes. These species can escape to natural areas in a number of ways. Seeds can be dispersed by wind, water and animals. They reproduce prolifically, sometimes with seed capsules that burst explosively to disperse their seeds in all directions. Some may even send underground runners in all directions.

What can home landscapers do? Of the numerous invasive garden escapes in Wisconsin, only purple loosestrife is on the Noxious Weed List. It is up to you, therefore, to acknowledge the issue and seek information. See Tables 1-5 below for the more common invasives of home gardens. The next step is to eradicate the invasive species that are already on your property. This is not always easy! For information on identifying your garden's invasive inhabitants, and on how to get rid of them, see Table 6. Lastly, continue to cultivate your joy of gardening, but with species that are carefully selected to <u>not</u> be invasive. Why not consider planting native plants? See Part II of this series, "Go Native," for further information.

Table 1: Some Common Invasive Landscape Trees

Common Name	Scientific Name
Amur maple	Acer ginnala
Norway maple	Acer platanoides
Tree of heaven	Ailanthus altissima
Russian olive	Elaeagnus angustifolia
Autumn olive	Elaeagnus umbellate
White mulberry	Morus alba
Common buckthorn	Rhamnus cathartica
Glossy buckthorn	Rhamnus frangula
Siberian elm	Ulmus pumila

Table 2: Some Invasive Landscape Shrubs

Common Name	Scientific Name
Japanese barberry	Berberis thunbergii
Burning bush	Euonymus alatus
Common privet	Ligustrum vulgare
Amur honeysuckle	Lonicera maacki
Tartarian honeysuckle	Lonicera tatarica
Morrow's honeysuckle	Lonicera morrowii
Bella honeysuckle	Lonicera X bella
Wayfaring tree	Viburnum lantana
European highbush cranberry	Viburnum opulus

Table 3: Some Invasive Landscape Vines

Common Name	Scientific Name
Porcelain berry	Ampelopsis brevipedunculata
Round-leaved bittersweet	Celastrus orbiculatus
Wintercreeper	Euonymus fortunei
English ivy	Hedera helix
Japanese honeysuckle	Lonicera japonica
Periwinkle	Vinca minor
Black swallow wort	Vincetoxicum nigrum

Table 4: Some Invasive Landscape Forbs (Non-Woody Flowers/Herbs)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Bishop's goutweed	Aegopodium podagraria
Garlic mustard	Alliaria petiolata
Ox-eye daisy	Chrysanthemum leucanthemum
Lily of the valley	Convallaria majalis
Queen Anne's lace	Daucus carota
Grecian foxglove	Digitalis lanata
Baby's breath	Gypsophila paniculata
Orange day lily	Hemerocallis fulva
Dame's rocket	Hesperis matronalis
Purple loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria
Garden forget-me-not	Myosotis sylvatica
Japanese knotweed	Polygonum cuspidatum
Common tansy	Tanacetum vulgare
Garden heliotrope	Valeriana officinalis

Table 5: Some Water Garden Invasives

Common Name	Scientific Name
Flowering rush	Butomus umbellatus
Yellow iris	Iris pseudacorus
Aquatic forget-me-not	Myosotis scorpioides
Eurasian water milfoil	Myriophyllum spicatum
Watercress	Nasturtium officinale
Curly-leaf pondweed	Potamogeton crispus
Water chestnut	Trapa natans

Table 6: Resources for Identifying and Eradicating Landscape Invasives

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

Bureau of Endangered Resources/Invasive Species

6th floor GEF-II

101 South Webster Street, P.O. Box 7921

Madison, WI 53703

http://www.dnr.state.wi.us/org/land/er/invasive/nonnative.htm

Email: Bureau.EndangeredResources@dnr.state.wi.us

Invasive Plants Association of Wisconsin

http://www.ipaw.org

Email: info@IPAW.org

Wisconsin State Herbarium

160 Birge Hall 430 Lincoln Drive Madison, WI 53706

http://www.botany.wisc.edu/wisflora/